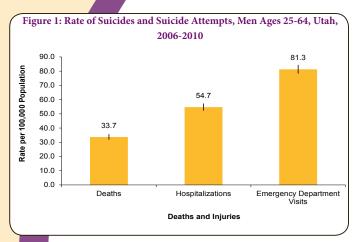


# Suicide in Utah, 2006-2010 Men (25-64 years)

#### Introduction

An average of 402 Utahns die from suicide and 4,152 Utahns attempt suicide each year. Men ages 25-64 comprise 24.5% of the Utah population, and:



- 56.4% of all suicides in Utah, and
- 22.0% of all suicide attempts\* in Utah.

More men are hospitalized or treated in an emergency department (ED) for suicide attempts than are fatally injured (Figure 1).<sup>1</sup>

- \*Suicide attempts include persons who are hospitalized or treated in an ED for self-inflicted injuries.
- Three men are treated for suicide attempts every day in Utah.

All suicide attempts should be taken seriously. Those who survive suicide attempts are often seriously injured and many have depression and other mental health problems.

### **Utah Trends**

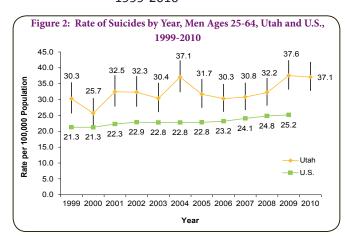
The 2010 Utah adult male suicide rate was 37.1 per 100,000 population among men ages 25 to 64.1 Suicide is the fourth leading cause of death for men in this age group.1

I've had several friends who committed suicide. They were all guys in their 40s and 50s. Each time it was a big shock to me. But looking back, I realize that the signs were there – isolation, depression, relationship problems ... I would like to be able to recognize signs before a suicide attempt and be able to offer help or refer friends to help. I miss those guys and wish they were still here.



## Utah and U.S.

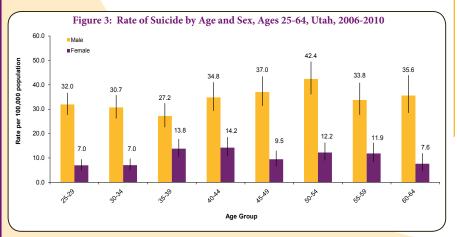
Utah's adult male suicide rate has been consistently higher than the national rate (**Figure 2**). Utah adult men had the 7<sup>th</sup> highest adult male suicide rate in the U.S. for the years 1999-2010 <sup>2</sup>



# Age and Sex

Utah adult men (33.7 per 100,000 population) had a significantly higher suicide rate than Utah adult women (10.2 per 100,000 population). Utah adult men had higher suicide rates than Utah adult women in every age group.<sup>1</sup>

Utah adult men ages 50 to 54 (42.4 per 100,000 population) had the highest suicide rates among all age groups (Figure 3).



# **Location of Injury**

The majority of Utah adult male suicides occurred at a home or apartment (69.3%). The second most common location was inside a motor vehicle (10.4%).<sup>3</sup>

The following small areas had significantly higher rates than the state rate:

#### **Highest Adult Men Suicide Rates<sup>1</sup>**

 Carbon/Emery Counties, Ben Lomond, and West Valley East

# Highest Adult Men Hospitalization Rates for Suicide Attempts<sup>1</sup>

 Glendale, Downtown Ogden, Carbon/Emery Counties, Riverdale, Magna, South Salt Lake, Ben Lomond, Taylorsville, Downtown Salt Lake, Tooele County, West Valley West, and Kearns

# Highest Adult Men ED Visit Rates for Suicide Attempts<sup>1</sup>

 Carbon/Emery Counties, Midvale, Magna, South Salt Lake, Brigham City, Murray, W. Jordan Southeast (2009 and after), West Valley East, West Jordan/Copperton (2008 and before), West Valley West, W. Jordan Northeast (2009 and after), Downtown Salt Lake, Glendale, Taylorsville, Kearns, Holladay, and Cedar City

## **Method of Injury**

Use of a firearm was the most common method of suicide deaths for Utah adult men followed by suffocation and then poisonings.<sup>1</sup>

### **Risk Factors**

Risk factors for suicide may include:

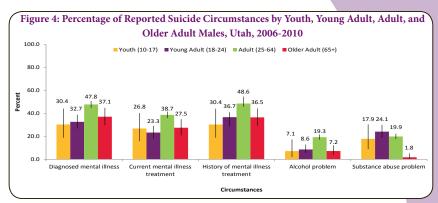
- Previous suicide attempt(s)
- History of depression or mental illness
- Alcohol or drug abuse
- Family history of suicide or violence
- Physical illness
- Feeling alone, hopelessness
- Relational, social, work, or financial loss

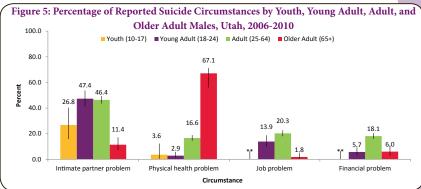
# Suicide Death Circumstances

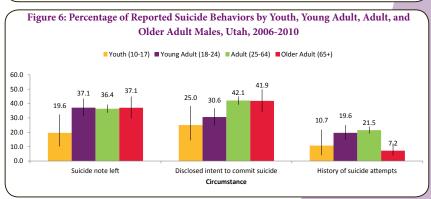
Utah males ages 25 to 64 had significantly higher rates of the following when compared to at least one other age group<sup>3</sup> (Figure 4, Figure 5, and Figure 6):

- Diagnosed mental illness
- Current treatment for mental illness
- History of mental illness treatment
- Alcohol problems
- Substance abuse problems
- Intimate partner problems
- Physical health problems
- Job problems
- Financial problems

- · Leaving a suicide note
- Disclosing their intent to commit suicide
- History of suicide attempts







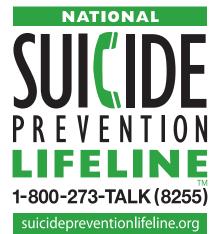
#### Cost

The average total charges per year for emergency department visit and hospitalizations for suicide attempts was \$7.5 million for Utah adult men.<sup>1</sup>

# **Prevention Tips**

 Call for help. Help is available 24 hours a day 7 days a week. If you live in Utah, call the Statewide CrisisLine at 801-587-3000 or call the National Suicide Prevention LifeLine at 1-800-273-TALK.

- Take any threat of suicide seriously.
- Do not leave the person alone.
- Listen to and don't judge anyone you think may be in trouble.
- Take action. Remove guns or pills to prevent a suicide attempt.



#### Resources

- National Suicide Prevention Lifeline www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org 1-800-273-TALK (8255)
- Utah Poison Control Center <a href="http://uuhsc.utah.edu/poison/">http://uuhsc.utah.edu/poison/</a> 1-800-222-1222
- Suicide Prevention Resource Center www.sprc.org
- National Alliance on Mental Illness Utah Chapter <u>www.namiut.org</u>
- Preventing Suicide: A resource for media professionals
  <u>www.who.int/mental\_health/prevention/suicide/resource\_media.pdf</u>

### References

- 1 Utah's Indicator Based Information System for Public Health (IBIS-PH), 2006-2010 data [cited 2012 July]
  - 2 CDC, Web-based Injury Statistics Query and Reporting System (WISQARS), 2005-2009 data [cited 2012 July]
    - $3\ Violence\ and\ Injury\ Prevention\ Program,\ 2006-2010\ Utah\ Violent\ Death\ Reporting\ System,\ Utah\ Department\ of\ Health$

Last updated: September 2012

Story Bank UTAH DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH If your life has been affected by suicide, the Utah Department of Health wants to hear from you. Share your story with the Utah Health Story Bank at <a href="https://www.health.utah.gov/bhp/sb/">www.health.utah.gov/bhp/sb/</a>.

#### **Our Mission**

VIPP is a trusted and comprehensive resource for data and technical assistance related to violence and injury. This information helps promote partnerships and programs to prevent injuries and improve public health.

(801) 538-6864 vipp@utah.gov www.health.utah.gov/vipp